

7 Anthropogenic Soils of Canada

An Anthropogenic Spodosol in Canada

The Homesville soil in New Brunswick, Canada is in a crop rotation with potatoes. Originally, the vegetation consisted of mix hardwood and softwood trees and the soil classified as a Spodosol (see image below). After the trees were cleared and the soil was plowed, the spodic B-horizon was incorporated with the A horizon – thus changing the classification from a Spodosol to an Inceptisol. This human activity and resulting change in classification according to Soil Taxonomy is common through the Maritime Provinces and New England.

NARRATIVE PEDON DESCRIPTION

Pedon: Holmesville
Soil Survey Number S87-FN-260-001
Location: Canada

NSSL Pedon Number: 87P0589
Print Date: 08/20/02

20 mi S into field 11 m from E edge of powerline, 5 km N of Grand Falls New Brunswick Canada.

Latitude: 47-06-04-N

Longitude: 067-43-46-W

Physiography: Hillside or mountainside in glaciated uplands

Geomorphic Position: backslope sideslope

Slope: 6% convex southeast facing

Elevation: 200 m MSL

Precipitation: 110 cm - Udic Moisture Regime.

Water Table Depth:

Permeability: Moderate

Air Temperature: Ann: 3.9 Summ: 17 Win: -11

Drainage: Moderately well drained

Land Use: Cropland

Stoniness: Class 1 Erosion or Deposition: Severe

Runoff: Moderate

Particle Size Control Section: 25 to 100 cm

Parent Material: glacial till from sedimentary material

Classification: Fine-loamy, mixed, frigid Typic Dystrachrept

Vegetation: CLOVER TIMOTHY

Diagnostic Horizons: 0 to 21 cm Ochric, 21 to 30 cm Cambic

Described By: H. Rees, R. Rourke, C. Wang, J. Kimble, T. Cook

Sample Date: 06/87

Location Cont: About 20 m S into field from village Rd., .6 km W of intersection with Rd. from Grand Falls. Cultivated crops red clover, timothy, alsike clover, in crop rotation with potatoes.

Ap1 -- 0 to 10 cm; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) crushed moist silt loam; strong very fine and fine granular structure; very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and few fine roots throughout; strongly acid (pH=5.0); 2 percent pebbles sedimentary rocks, 10 percent cobbles sedimentary rocks; abrupt wavy boundary. 2-5% gravel. 87P3099

Ap2 -- 10 to 21 cm; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) crushed moist silt loam; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure parting to moderate very fine and fine granular; , friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine roots throughout; few very fine discontinuous tubular pores; strongly acid (pH=5.0); 10 percent pebbles sedimentary rocks, 2 percent cobbles sedimentary rocks, 10 percent stones sedimentary rocks; abrupt wavy boundary. 5-10% gravel. 87P3100

Bw -- 21 to 30 cm; 80% yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) crushed and 20% dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) exterior moist gravelly loam; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; , friable, nonsticky, slightly plastic; few very fine roots throughout; few very fine discontinuous tubular pores; very few distinct clay films between sand grains; very strongly acid (pH=4.7); 25 percent pebbles sedimentary rocks, 5 percent cobbles sedimentary rocks, 1 percent stones sedimentary rocks; clear wavy boundary. 87P3101

BC -- 30 to 38 cm; light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) crushed moist gravelly sandy loam; weak fine and medium angular blocky structure; , friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; few very fine roots throughout; many very fine and fine discontinuous tubular pores; very few distinct clay films between sand grains; very strongly acid (pH=4.5); 25 percent pebbles sedimentary rocks, 5 percent cobbles sedimentary rocks, 10 percent stones sedimentary rocks; clear wavy boundary. 87P3102

2C1 -- 38 to 67 cm; olive brown (2.5Y 4/4) crushed moist sandy loam; massive; , friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; many fine interstitial pores; very strongly acid (pH=4.5); 10 percent pebbles sedimentary rocks, 1 percent stones sedimentary rocks; gradual wavy boundary. 87P3103

3C2 -- 67 to 87 cm; olive brown (2.5Y 4/4) crushed moist gravelly loam; weak medium and coarse angular blocky structure; firm, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine interstitial pores; many continuous faint clay films on sand and gravel and very few continuous faint clay films in root channels and/or pores; very strongly acid (pH=4.5); 15 percent pebbles sedimentary rocks, 5 percent cobbles sedimentary rocks, 1 percent stones sedimentary rocks. Also on clay skins all sand grains are thinly coated. 87P3104

The soil profile could very well have looked like the following had plowing not occurred. Imagine what the impact would be of plowing on a Spodosol with thin morphology. Please note that most of the Spodosols in New Brunswick Province do not have thick albic horizons as presented in this image.



*** PRIMARY CHARACTERIZATION DATA ***

S87FN-260-001

(CANADA

)

PRINT DATE 08/20/02

SAMPLED AS : HOLMESVILLE ; COARSE-LOAMY, MIXED, FRIGID TYPIC DYSTROCHREPT
 REVISED TO :

SSL - PROJECT 87P 129, (CP87FN194) NEW BRUNSWICK ISCOM-TOUR
 - PEDON 87P 589, SAMPLES 87P 3099- 3104
 - GENERAL METHODS 1B1A, 2A1, 2B

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
 NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE
 NATIONAL SOIL SURVEY CENTER
 SOIL SURVEY LABORATORY
 LINCOLN, NEBRASKA 68508-3866

-1-- -2-- -3-- -4-- -5-- -6-- -7-- -8-- -9-- -10- -11- -12- -13- -14- -15- -16- -17- -18- -19- -20-

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH (CM)	HORIZON	(- - -TOTAL - - -)(- -CLAY- -)(- -SILT- -)(- - - - -SAND- - - - -)(-COARSE FRACTIONS(MM)-)(>2MM)																	
			CLAY LT	SILT .002	SAND .05	FINE LT	CO3 LT	FINE .002	COARSE .02	VF .05	F .10	M .25	C .5	VC 1	2	5	20	.1- PCT OF	WT	
			.002	-.05	-2	.0002	.002	-.02	-.05	-.10	-.25	-.50	-1	-2	-5	-20	-75	75	WHOLE	
			PCT OF <2MM (3A1)										PCT OF <75MM(3B1)->							SOIL
87P3099S	0- 10	AP1	9.5	44.7	45.8	0.7		27.9	16.8	11.5	12.2	9.1	7.3	5.7	11	19	5	57	44	
87P3100S	10- 21	AP2	11.2	43.0	45.8	--		28.1	14.9	10.5	11.0	8.3	7.9	8.1	9	22	6	59	48	
87P3101S	21- 30	BW	7.6	41.5	50.9	--		25.9	15.6	12.1	13.4	9.2	8.3	7.9	11	20	9	63	45	
87P3102S	30- 38	BC	6.9	32.5	60.6	--		21.6	10.9	15.1	17.8	10.8	7.7	9.2	7	14	8	61	43	
87P3103S	38- 67	2C1	6.6	22.6	70.8	0.5		14.5	8.1	16.7	26.2	14.3	7.8	5.8	7	18	7	69	42	
87P3104S	67- 87	3C2	11.5	35.1	53.4	2.2		22.0	13.1	16.2	16.2	9.2	6.7	5.1	8	20	14	64	47	

DEPTH (CM)	ORGN TOTAL		EXTR TOTAL (- - DITH-CIT - -)		EXTRACTABLE		(RATIO/CLAY)		(ATTERBERG)		(- BULK DENSITY -)		COLE (- - -WATER CONTENT - -)		WRD					
	C	N	P	S	FE	AL	MN	CEC	BAR	LL	PI	FIELD 1/3	OVEN WHOLE	FIELD 1/10	1/3	15	WHOLE			
	6A1c	6B3a	6S3	6R3a	6C2b	6G7a	6D2a	8D1	8D1	4F1	4F	4A3a	4A1d	4A1h	4D1	4B4	4B1c	4B1c	4B2b	4C1
	PCT	<2MM	PPM	<- PERCENT	OF	<2MM	-->			PCT	<0.4MM	<- - G/CC	- - ->	CM/CM	<- - -PCT OF	<2MM	- ->	CM/CM		
0- 10	2.00	0.171			1.4	0.5	TR	1.26	0.91											7.5
10- 21	1.80	0.152			1.4	0.5	0.1	1.03	0.81			1.32	1.38	0.011		28.7	25.7	7.1	0.17	
21- 30	0.95	0.078			0.9	0.4	TR	0.84	1.04			1.39	1.41	0.004			21.5	5.0	0.14	
30- 38	0.37				0.8	0.2	TR	0.54	0.70			1.74	1.74	--			15.1	3.2	0.14	
38- 67	0.14				0.8	0.1	0.1	0.44	0.92			1.65	1.65	--			12.8	3.2	0.09	
67- 87	0.15				1.2	0.1	0.1	0.36	0.52			1.59	1.60	0.001			17.7	4.5	0.13	

*** PRIMARY CHARACTERIZATION DATA ***

S87FN-260-001

PRINT DATE 08/20/02

SAMPLED AS : HOLMESVILLE ; COARSE-LOAMY, MIXED, FRIGID TYPIC DYSTROCHREPT
 USDA-NRCS-NSSC-SOIL SURVEY LABORATORY ; PEDON 87P 589, SAMPLE 87P 3099- 3104

-1-- -2-- -3-- -4-- -5-- -6-- -7-- -8-- -9-- -10- -11- -12- -13- -14- -15- -16- -17- -18- -19- -20-

```

-----
< - - - - - CLAY MINERALOGY (<.002mm) - - - - - >
FRACT < - - - - X-RAY - - - - -> - - - THERMAL - - - -> - - - ELEMENTAL - - - - -> - - - EGME INTER
SAMPLE ION < - - - - -> - - - DTA - -> - TGA - -> SiO2 AL2O3 Fe2O3 MgO CaO K2O Na2O < - - -> RETN PRETA
NUMBER < - - - - 7A2i - - - - -> - - - 7A6 - -> - 7A4b - -> - - - 7C3 - - - - -> - - -> 7D2 TION
      < - - - - -> - - - peak size - - - - -> - - - Percent - - - - -> - - - Percent - - - - -> - - -> - - ->
87P3099 TCLY KK 2 VR 2 CL 2 MI 2 8.0 1.7
87P3101 TCLY KK 2 VR 1 CL 1 MI 1 6.0 2.7
    
```

FRACTION INTERPRETATION:

TCLY Total Clay, <0.002mm

MINERAL INTERPRETATION:

KK kaolinite VR vermiculite CL chlorite MI mica

RELATIVE PEAK SIZE: 5 Very Large 4 Large 3 Medium 2 Small 1 Very Small 6 No Peaks

INTERPRETATION (BY HORIZON):

PEDON MINERALOGY

BASED ON SAND/SILT:
 BASED ON CLAY:
 FAMILY MINERALOGY:
 COMMENTS:

*** PRIMARY CHARACTERIZATION DATA ***

S87FN-260-001

(CANADA

)

PRINT DATE 08/20/02

SAMPLED AS : HOLMESVILLE ; COARSE-LOAMY, MIXED, FRIGID TYPIC DYSTRCHREPT

SSL - PROJECT 87P 129, (CP87FN194) NEW BRUNSWICK ISCOM-TOUR
 - PEDON 87P 589, SAMPLES 87P 3099- 3104
 - GENERAL METHODS 1B1a, 2A1, 2B

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
 NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE
 NATIONAL SOIL SURVEY CENTER
 SOIL SURVEY LABORATORY
 LINCOLN, NEBRASKA 68508-3866

-1-- -2-- -3-- -4-- -5-- -6-- -7-- -8-- -9-- -10- -11- -12- -13- -14- -15- -16- -17- -18- -19- -20-

SAMPLE NO.	HZ NO	ACID OXALATE EXTRACTION				PHOSPHOUS RET	KCL CIT-MN	TOTAL C	(- -WATER CONTENT- -)				(- - - WATER DISPERSIBLE - - -)				MIN	AGGRT
		OPT FE	SI	AL	6G12				6S4	6S5	6D3	6A2d	4B1c	4B1a	4B1a	4B2b		
		<- P C T o f < 2 m m -><- P P M -><- - - - - - - - P E R C E N T o f < 2 m m - - - - - - ><20mm>< PCT>																
87P3099	1	0.19	0.72	0.06	0.49	56		2.00									41	
87P3100	2	0.18	0.73	0.07	0.53	58		1.88	28.7								38	
87P3101	3	0.11	0.29	0.11	0.57	60		1.01									58	
87P3102	4	0.05	0.14	0.06	0.29	36		0.40									23	
87P3103	5	0.03	0.12	0.02	0.13	31		0.15									18	
87P3104	6	0.03	0.18	0.01	0.07	18		0.13									12	